

Helix Nebula, the Science Cloud

A public-private partnership building a multidisciplinary cloud platform for data intensive science

EUDAT 2d Con ree, 29 October 2013

Maryline Lengert, ESA



Helix Nebula, the Science Cloud initiative is a Partnership between big science and big business to implement the Strategic Plan for a **Scientific Cloud Computing** Infrastructure in Europe

Strategic Plan for a Scientific Cloud Computing infrastructure for Europe



8th August 2011

1.1

- 1. Set up a sustainable multi-tenant cloud computing infrastructure in Europe, initially based on the needs of the European Research Area & Space agencies
- 2. Identify and adopt **policies** for trust, security and privacy on a European-level
- 3. Create a light-weight **governance** structure involving all stakeholders
- 4. Define a short and medium term funding scheme

Contacts

Dr. Maryline Lengert Dr. Bob Jones

ESA - European Space Agency CERN - European Organization for Nuclear Research

Senior Advisor IT department Maryline.Lengert@esa.int Bob.Jones@cern.ch Tel +39 06 941 80430 Tel. +41 22 767 14 82

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Synergy between HN and EUDAT

EUDAT Vision: support a collaborative Data Infrastructure (cross domain for research)

HN Vision: Provide Cloud Computing capacity and services that elastically meet big science's growing demand in a cross domain environment.

In order to become 'Information as a Service' ecosystem, we need:

- Data e-infrastructure providing sustainable platform of technology, tools, and services
- Platform for shared services that make it possible for data-intensive research to span all the scientific disciplines
- Wide spread access to data and long term-preservation of data for use and re-use

Building on European e- Infrastructures



- Existing European e-infrastructure long-term projects
 - GEANT, EGI, PRACE, EUDAT
- Many "pathfinder" initiatives have prototyped aspects of what will be needed in the future
 - Includes much of the work in the existing e-Infrastructure projects
 - Thematic projects / infrastructures such as BioMedBridges/ CRISP/ DASISH/ ENVRI, EMSO as well as CORIOLIS / GEOWOW / DORIS and many others
- Future service infrastructure and tools must be fully based on open standards, open software, and enable open data access

Helix Nebula, the Science Cloud THESCIENCECLOUD

- It is NOT a project!
- It doesn't have a paying customer: it is meeting strategic interest of each participant preparing the future
- It has been set up by "Extreme Labs", IT & T-Com industry, SMEs (application & computing) to create something new by bringing together a fragmented landscape and building on strength from sustainable diversity

Strategic Objective



 The European Research Area shall drive the development and implementation of a secure and globally recognised European Cloud **Computing Infrastructure**, initially targeting science users. This infrastructure will become THE platform for Europe, under public governance, ensuring open standard and interoperability and adhering to European policies, norms and requirements.



To make this happen, we created Helix Nebula, the Science Cloud Partnership

Partnership – Why?



- The scale and complexity of services needed to satisfy the foreseen needs of Europe's IT-intense scientific research & space organisations are beyond what can be provided by any single company and will require the collaboration of a variety of service providers and SMEs.
- By partnering with Science and Space
 Organizations, it shall cover most, if not all, of the
 needs of a public Cloud infrastructure.

Partnership – Who & How?



IT Providers

- -commit resources
- -share investments
- -agree on standard
- -interoperability

Scientific and Space Organizations

calls under FP7

-commit ree

Partnership has grown from 20 to 38 members in less than 2 years! -Policy & Strategy

Users and Providers

- Act as catalyser

EC Projects

- -Standard/Open source
- -Contributing / using HN



Where do we want to go and why do we want to go there?

Long Term Goal

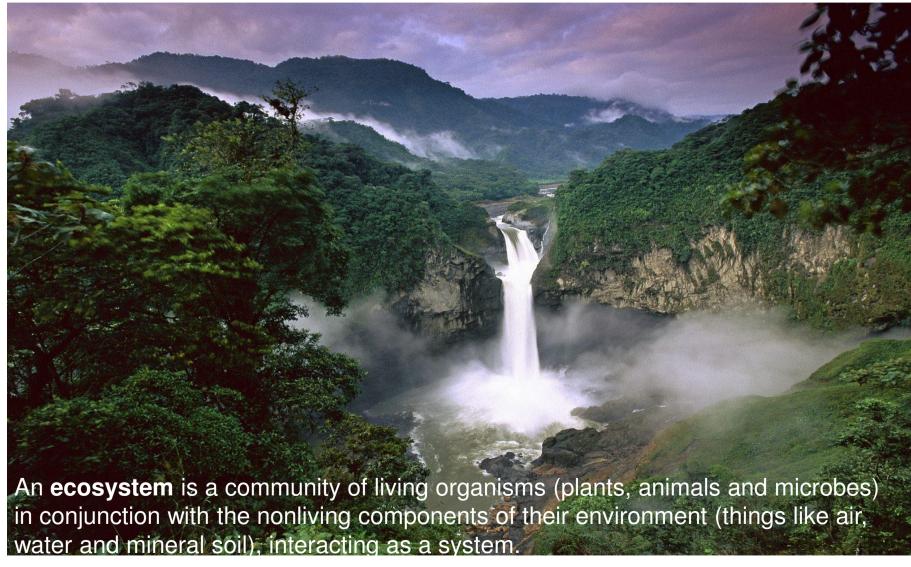


• To create a multi-tenant 'Open Market Place for Science', where data, scientists, funding bodies, SMEs and downstream industry are meeting to work along common interests.

This ecosystem should implement many-to-many relationships, quickly being established, to transform data into valuable information

Operating as an Ecosystem

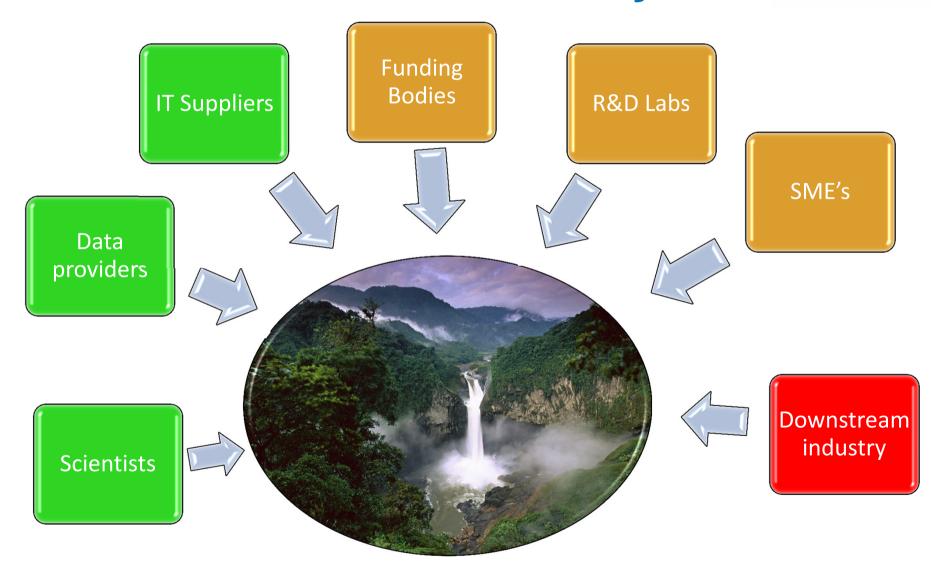




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Contributors to the Ecosystem

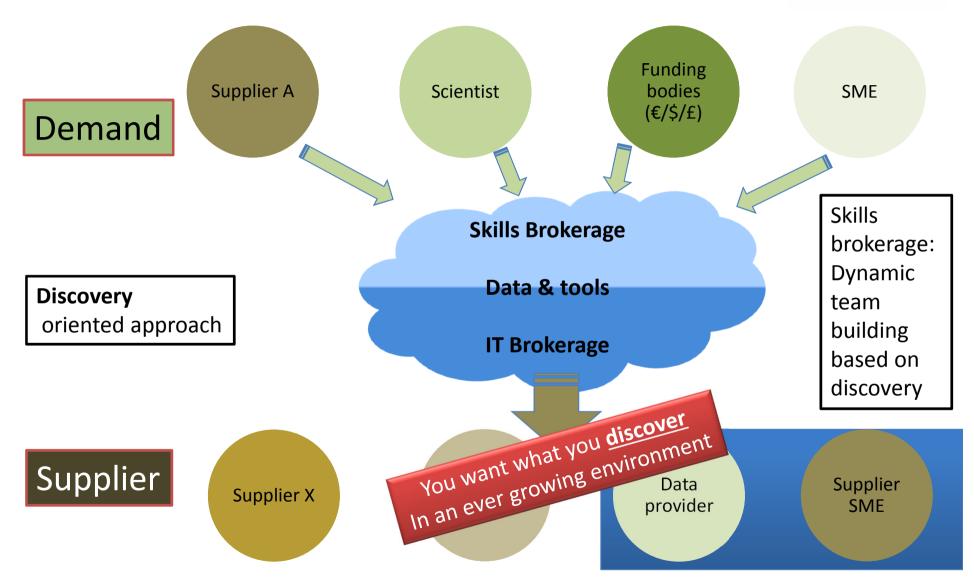




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Final Ecosystem: Discovery driven

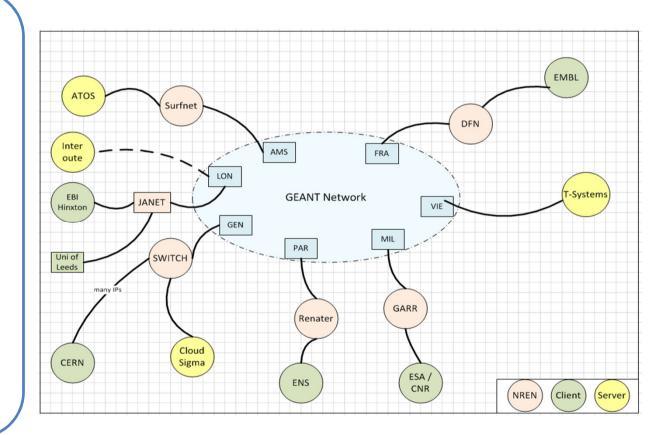




Building the hybrid cloud Connecting commercial providers to the GÉANT/NRENsTHESCIENCECLOUD

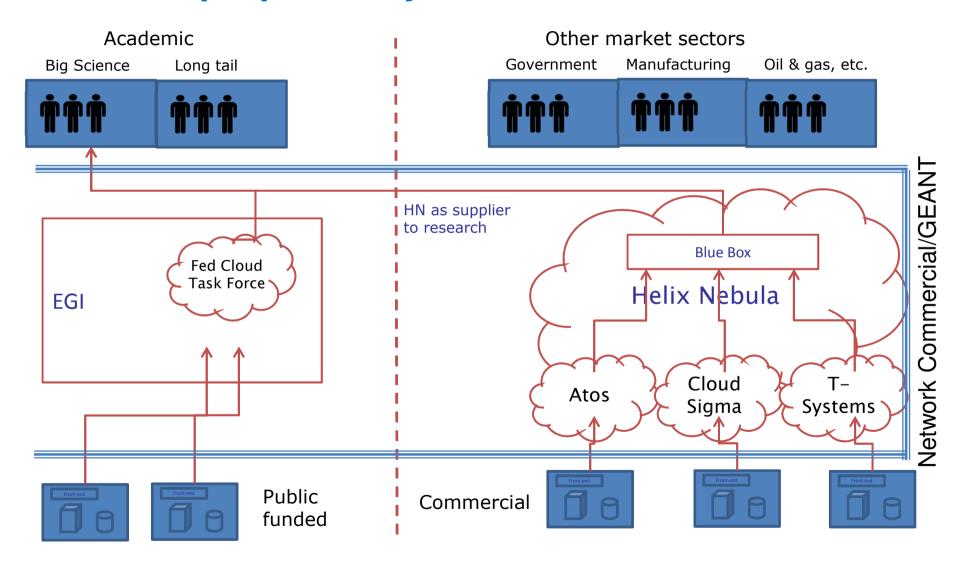
DANTE offering free IP connectivity in GÉANT for research traffic during the pilot phase

NRENs have different commercial agreements (usually they apply a fee)



Helix Nebula and Public Infrastructures proposed hybrid model





Expected Benefits



- We build scale to allow you and us to handle elasticity
- Risk sharing between partners
- Compliance with EC rules and policy (privacy, security, ethics)
- Business opportunities for SMEs
- Breakthrough in Science thanks to crossdomain fertilization (data, tools, funding, capacity, peers)



Validating our approach

Timeline



2011

2012-2013

2014 ..

- Endorse the Common Strategy
- Agree on the **Partnership**
- Select **flagships** use cases
- Define **governance** model

- **Pilot** Phase
- **Deploy** flagships,
- Analysis of functionality, performance & financial model

Start Operations
Towards an open market
for Science

Initial Flagship Use Cases

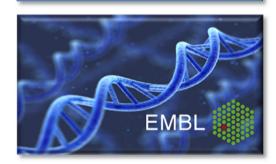


ATLAS High Energy Physics Cloud Use



To support the computing capacity needs for the ATLAS experiment

Genomic Assembly in the Cloud



A new service to simplify large scale genome analysis; for a deeper insight into evolution and biodiversity

SuperSites Exploitation Platform



To create an Earth Observation platform, focusing on earthquake and volcano research

- Scientific challenges with societal impact
- Sponsored by user organisations
- Stretch what is possible with the cloud today



ESA Flagship SuperSite Exploitation Platform

What is a Super Site?

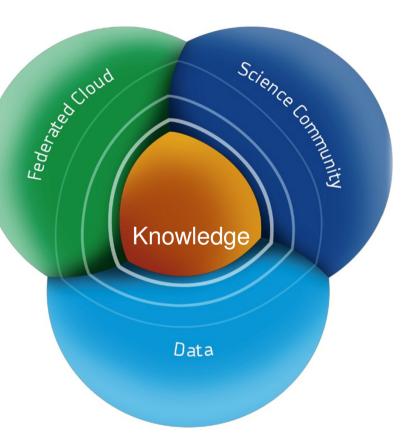


<u>Data sharing</u> (all data space & in-situ) accessible at no cost through a one-stop shopping e-infrastructure (containing also tools and peers).

<u>Cross-domain:</u> The supersites will lead to a new, more versatile generation of scientists that capitalize on information from multiple techniques.

International collaboration with regional responsibilities:

The backbone of the Supersites initiative is global collaboration of scientists and data providers. National organizations should coordinate efforts for establishing regional integrated research infrastructure in charge of long-term integration plans such as European Plate Observing System (EPOS) for Europe

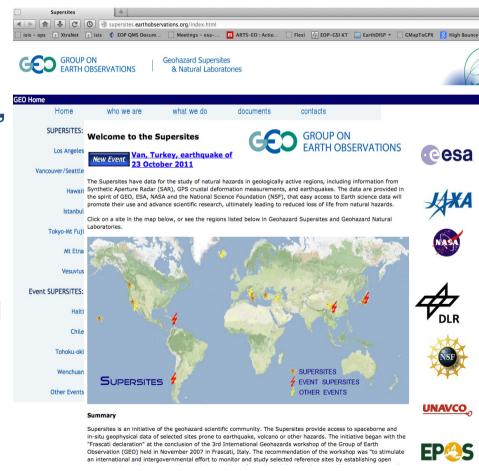




The Geohazard Supersites

Support GEO to better understand the geophysical processes causing **Geohazards** (earthquakes and volcanoes)

- Global partnership of scientists, satellite and in-situ data providers (multi-sensor InSAR, seismic, GPS - complete data sets)
- ⇒ Brings together community & relevant data
- Support national authorities and policy makers in risk assessment and mitigation strategies for Geohazards







Group on Earth Observations

Intergovernmental Organization with 88 country members and

67 participating organizations (as of March 2013)

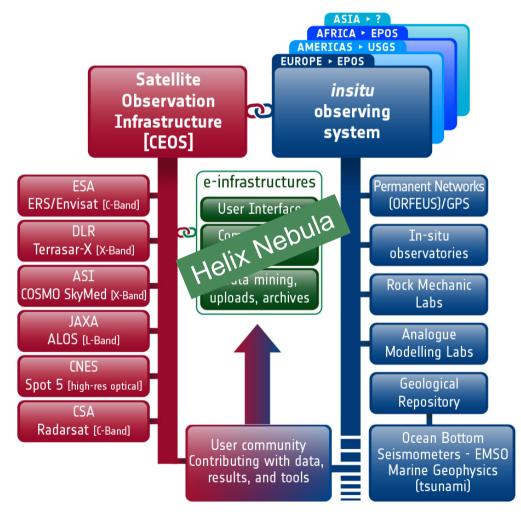
Construct by 2015: Global Earth Observation System of Systems (GEOSS)



GeoHazard Supersites: Infrastructure concept



EO Science users will use the Supersites their first option to store and access data, for data processing and analysis because that's where they find all the data, tools and peers.



SSEP Expected Results

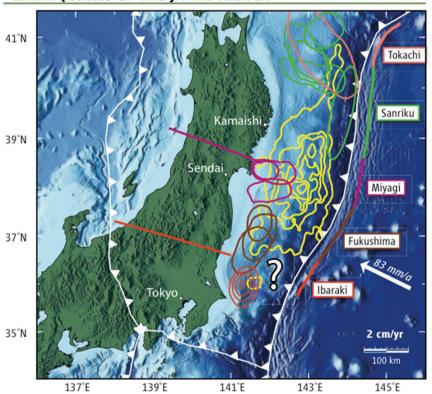


- Science: better scientific understanding of geohazards with the aim of providing sound information about the risks and the potential mitigation measures
- 2. <u>Data sharing</u>: information extracted from different sources (satellite & in-situ) will open a wide range of new approaches: Cross-domain research
- 3. <u>Building Communities</u>: In return to SSEP access, scientists will be asked either:
 - to provide results into the information repository on the Science Cloud,
 - to provide their data processing open source code,
 - to provide application tools ("Apps")

Geo Hazard : Japan earthquake



EARTHQUAKES OF THE JAPAN TRENCH



A game of ring toss. March's huge quake (yellow contours) and past smaller quakes (colored loops) have left a patch of threatening fault (question mark).

- Tohoku-oki: unprecedented >50 m slip in places (Simons et al., Science 2011, NASA-funded study).
- Will another magnitude 9 occur further south?
- It is unknown whether this fault segment has been accumulating slip.
- Need all InSAR, GPS, Seismic, Petrology, Geochemistry, ...!

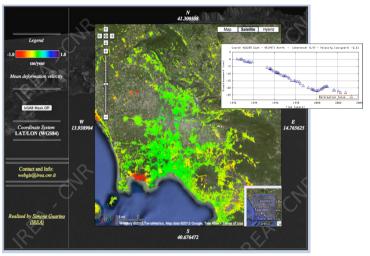
(-2004 magnitude 9.2 Sumatra earthquake was followed by magnitude 8.7 half-a-year later)

→ The Science Cloud with its "unlimited" resources on data, processing capacity and tools will allow cross-domain science and ease data sharing. The easy usage of this infrastructure will pull "intelligence" to apprehend the challenges.

Earth Observation Application Platform exploiting 20 years of satellite data



- EO Application Platform
 - OpenNebula
 - Data Catalogue and Access
 - Map-Reduce computing model
 - Software repository
 - Utilities for sw development and testing
- Cloudification of application
 - CNR / IREA (Italian Research Council in Naples) developed an application (SBAS) measuring the vertical movement of ground in sub cm from space.
 - SBAS targets
 - Time series over 20 years with ESA archive
 - Points of Interest are at world scale
 - TBytes of data to process



A crack in a house...

His Res commercial Data policy

-15 - 12 - 9



ESA open and free Data policy

dings 2. Tilt of adjacent buildings

10 [m]

In situ data from various providers

1. Tilt of individual buildings2. Ti3. Negative skin friction on foundation piles

Courtesy from DORIS

Grant Agreement #: 242212

Data for geo-hazard leading to "Information as a Service"



Satellite data: structure, catalogued

- ESA data with medium res with open and free data policy (20 years of data in the archive)
- Commercial data TerraSAR-X, COSMOSkyMed, Radarsat
- High res optical data (IKONOS, GEOEYE, Quickbird, SPOT-5, FORMOSAT-2, KOMSAT-2, Pleiades ...)

In-situ data:

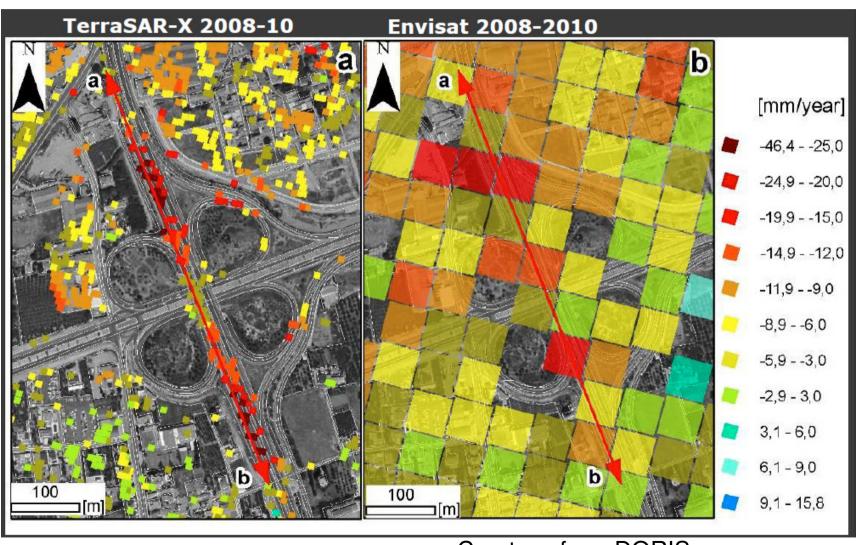
- Structured data:
 - of Geological Surveys (e.g. EPOS) (Inclinometer, GPS, seismometer,..)
 - from scientific & commercial measurements and national authorities
 - Aerial fotos
 - Digital Elevation Models
 - "Did you feel it?" (e.g. App form USGS for Earthquake)
 - Ground deformation maps and time series,
 - Displacement & damage maps

Unstructured data

• e.g. footage with meta data from Tsunami event



Satellites data



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A European cloud computing partnership: big science teams up with big business







http://www.helix-nebula.eu contact@helix-nebula.eu

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