DataONE

Bill Michener

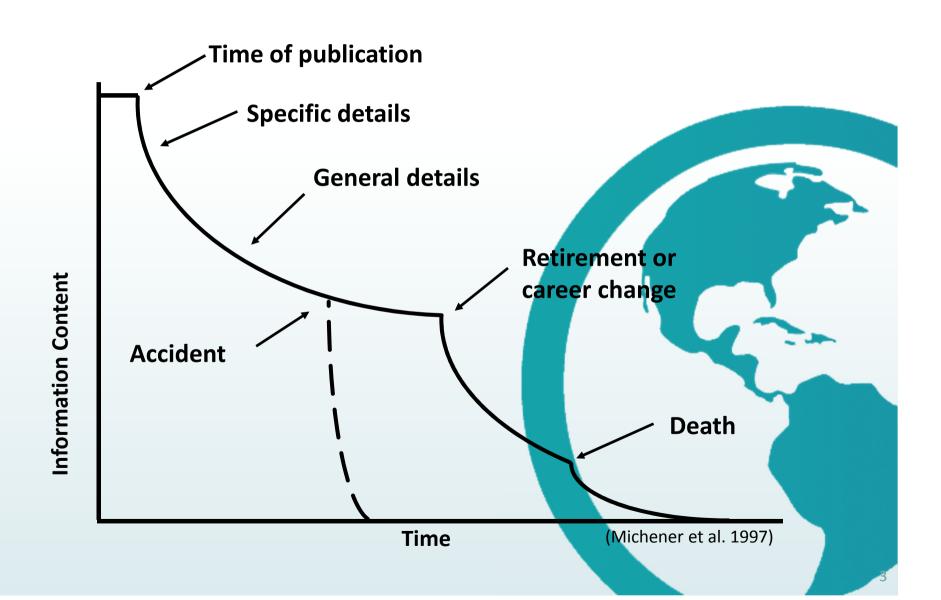
University of New Mexico

EUDAT 2nd Conference Rome, Italy October 29, 2013





Data undergo entropy,



data are difficult to discover,



and data are difficult to manage!





Data Sharing by Scientists: Practices and Perceptions

Carol Tenopir^{1*}, Suzie Allard¹, Kimberly Douglass¹, Arsev Umur Aydinoglu¹, Lei Wu¹, Eleanor Read², Maribeth Manoff², Mike Frame³

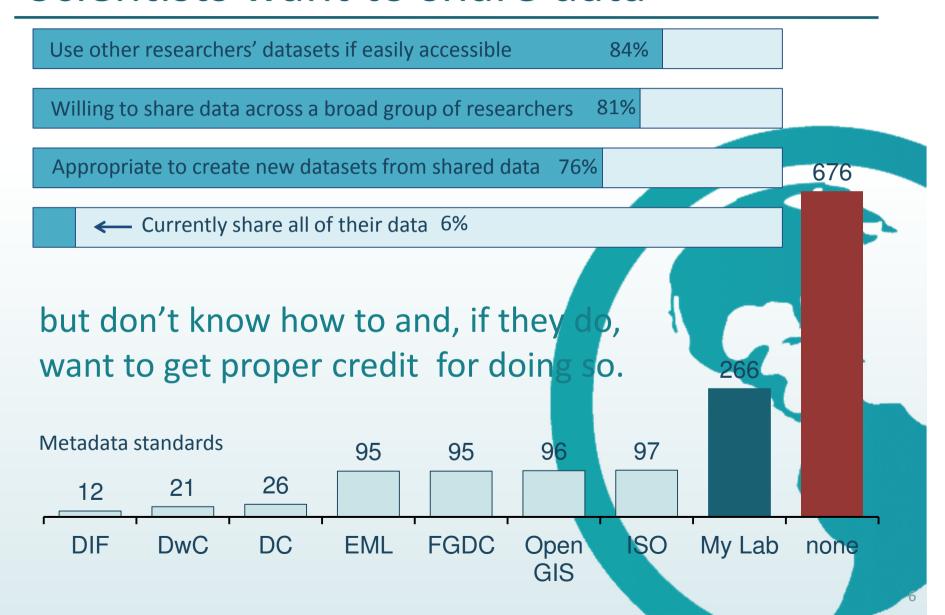
1 School of Information Sciences, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee, United States of America, 2 University of Tennessee Libraries, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, Tennessee, United States of America, 3 Center for Biological Informatics, United States Geological Survey, Oak Ridge, Tennessee, United States of America

Abstract

Background: Scientific research in the 21st century is more data intensive and collaborative than in the past. It is important to study the data practices of researchers – data accessibility, discovery, re-use, preservation and, particularly, data sharing. Data sharing is a valuable part of the scientific method allowing for verification of results and extending research from prior results.

Methodology/Principal Findings: A total of 1329 scientists participated in this survey exploring current data sharing practices and perceptions of the barriers and enablers of data sharing. Scientists do not make their data electronically available to others for various reasons, including insufficient time and lack of funding. Most respondents are satisfied with their current processes for the initial and short-term parts of the data or research lifecycle (collecting their research data; searching for, describing or cataloging, analyzing, and short-term storage of their data) but are not satisfied with long-term data preservation. Many organizations do not provide support to their researchers for data management both in the short-

Scientists want to share data



Data Enabling New Science by Supporting the Management of Data Throughout its Life Cycle

www.dataone.org











Collect

Assure











Technology

DataONE

Cvberinfrastructure: A network of data repositories allowing integrated search and discovery of biological, environmental and Earth science data

Member Nodes: A diverse array of institutions, data centers and repositories that form the basis of the network.

Coordinating Nodes: Provide network-wide services to enhance interoperability of the Member Nodes.

Analyze

Integrat

Discover

Plan

Data

Life Cycle

Describe

Preserve

Education

An established program of workshops and suite of online education resources designed for individual learning and instruc others

Education Modules that cover the life cycle and can be downloaded for in aroup truction.

> **Best Practices Da** e provides recommendations for effective data management.

> > **Software Database** enables scientists to discover tools that support all stages of the data life cycle.



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relevant science, library Working Group Model buil of activities and projects.

erests in the ugh engagement of and policy communities

hain expertise for development

DataONE Users Group: A self-organizing community provides guidance to DataONE and benefits from shared experiences.

Usability testing and demonstrations at society and other meetings.

Community

Investigator Toolkit: Access to customized tools that are familiar to scientists and that can support them in all aspects of the data life cycle

Collaboration proach to enhance functionality ols currently used by scientists.

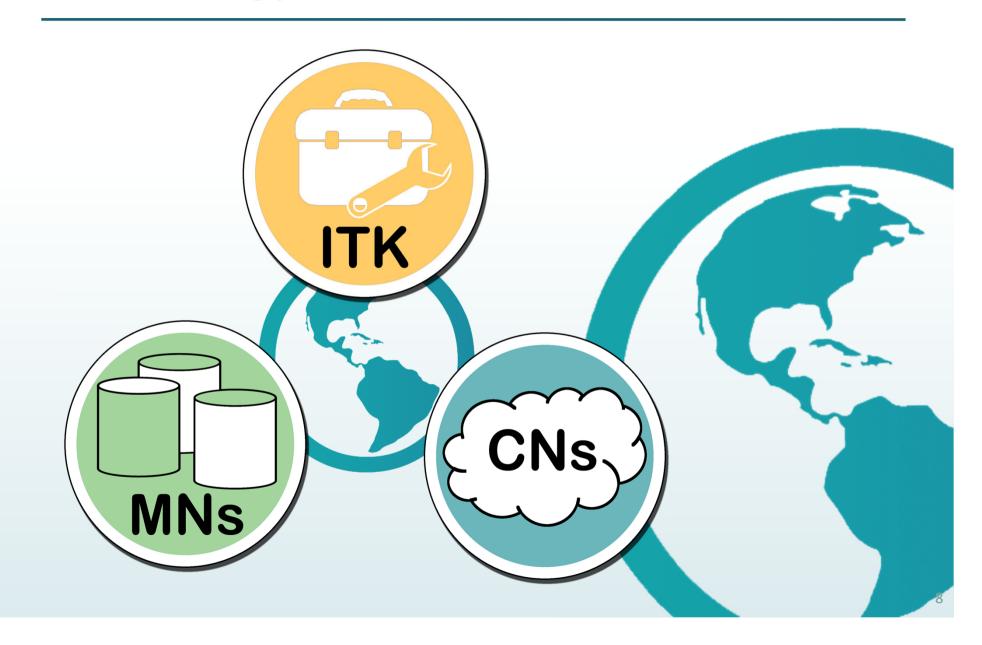
Development of ng tools designed to facilitate good data management practice a ss all stages of the data life cycle.

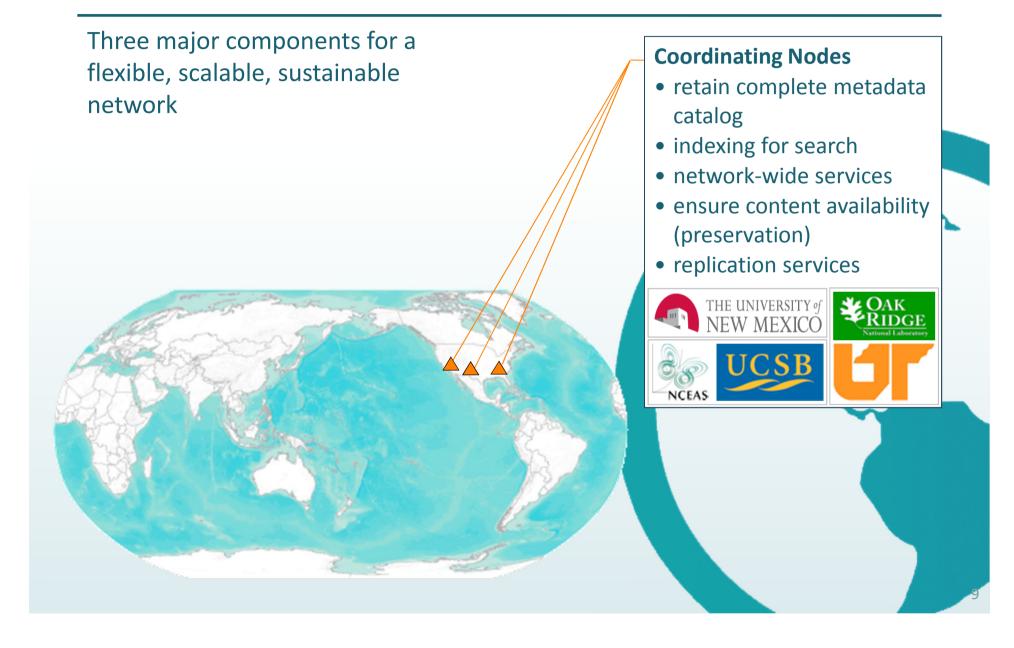
Integration of exist **s** into the DataONE framework.

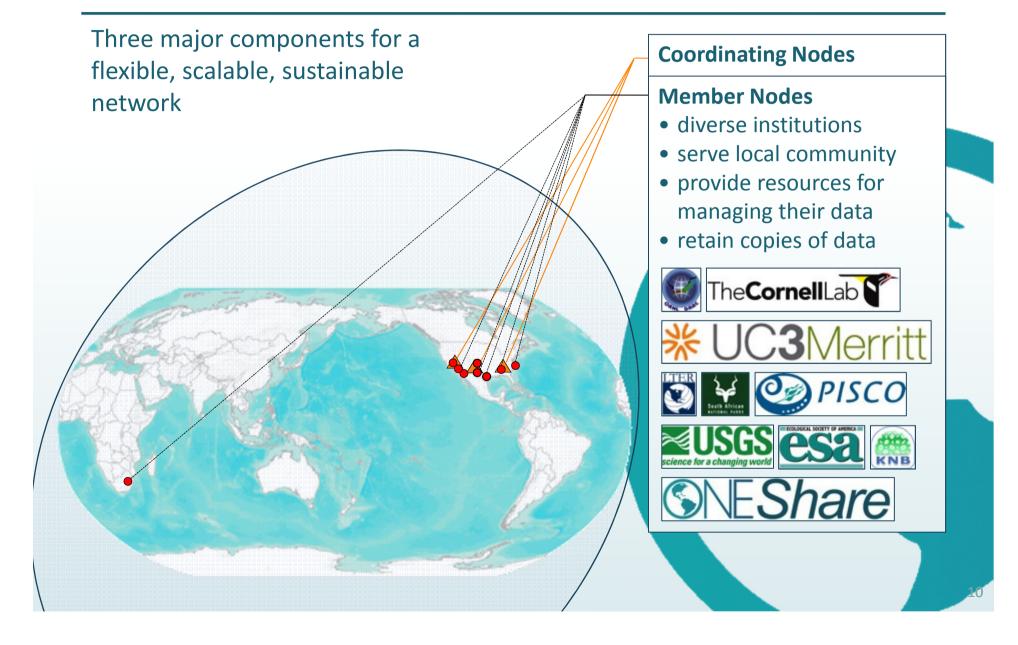


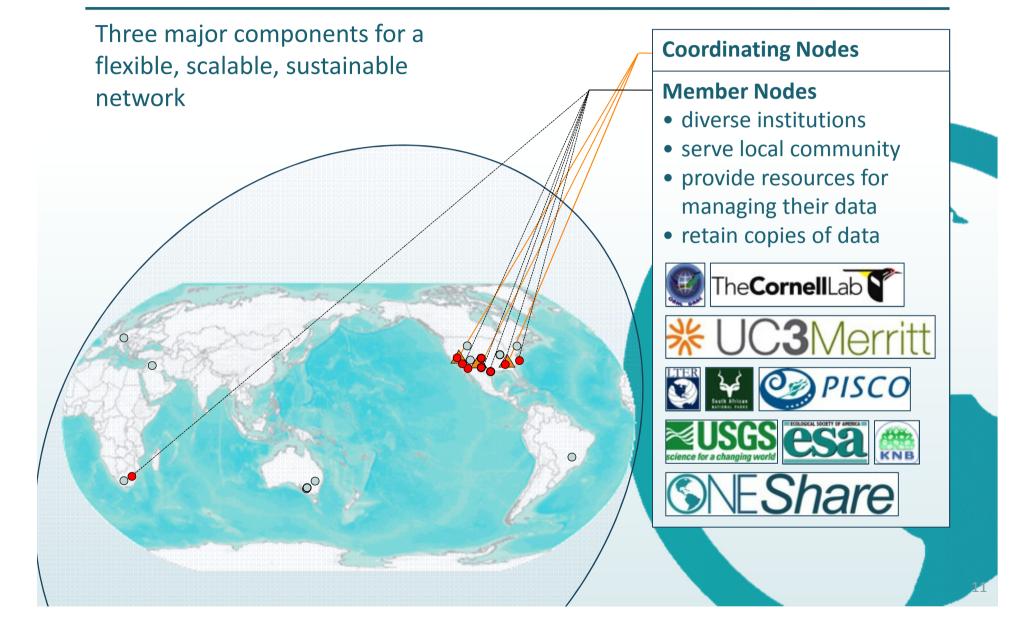


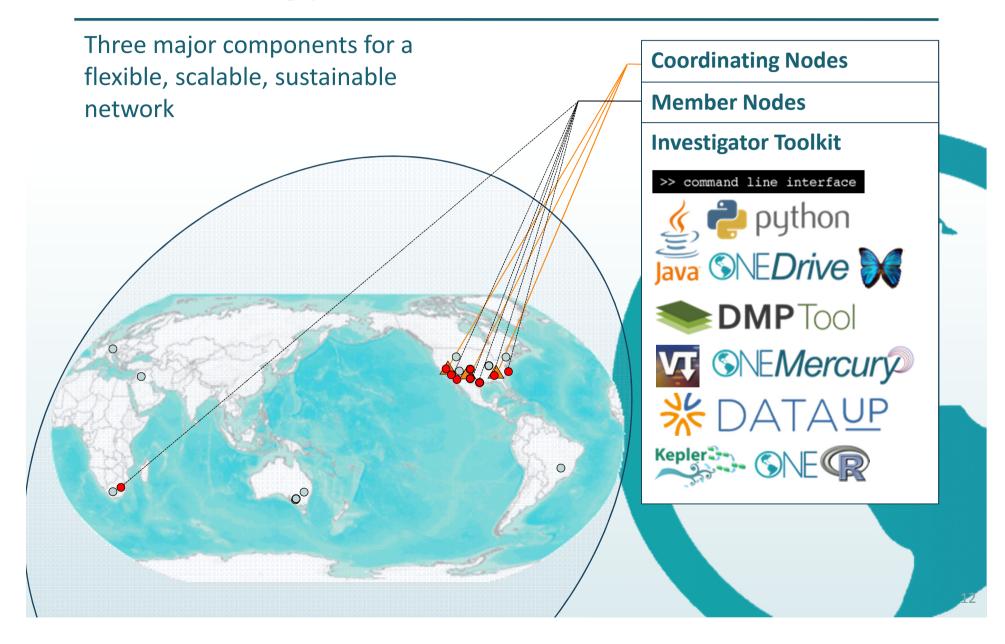
Tools



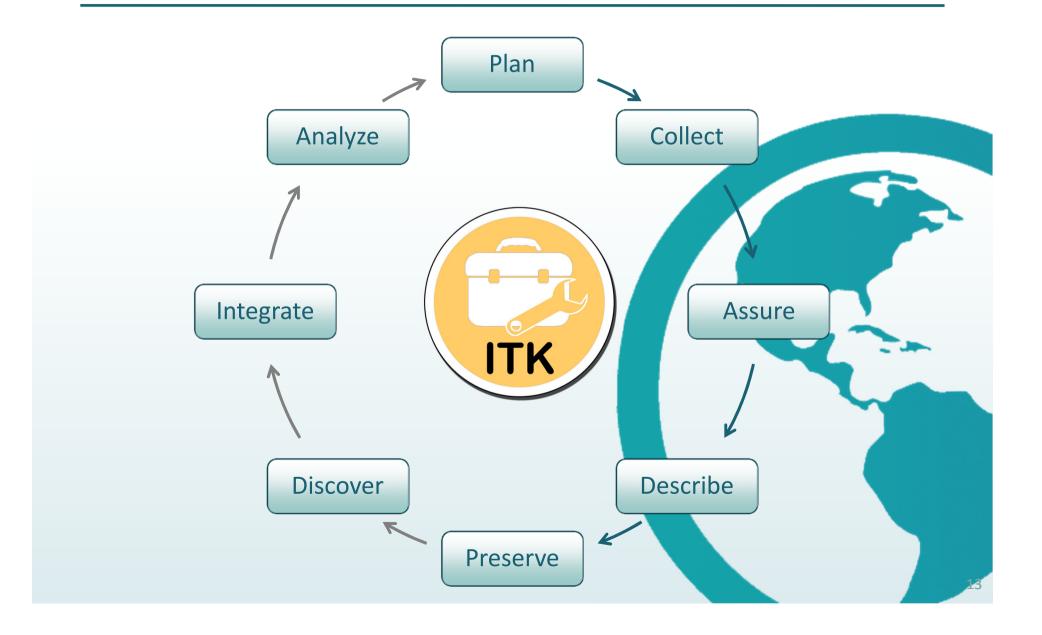




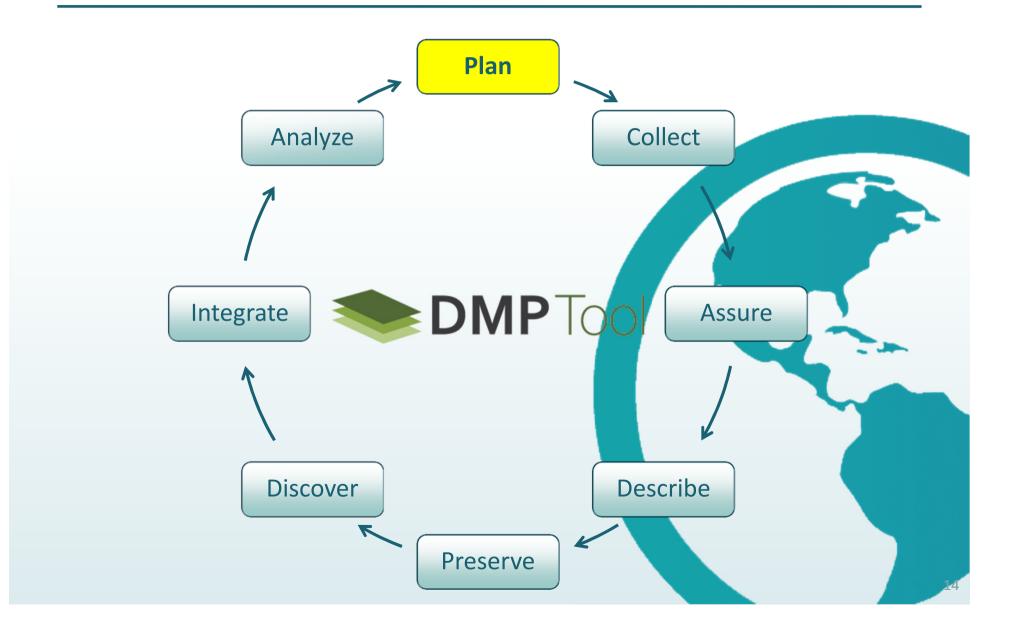


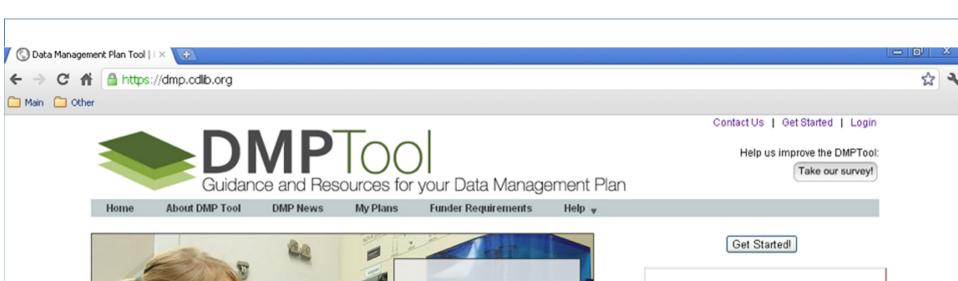


Tools



Tools







Data Management Plan: Sample Plan Created at the DataONE Best Practices Workshop - Santa Fe NM 7/2011 Atmospheric CO2 Concentrations, Mauna Loa Observatory, Hawaii, 2011-2013

1. Types of data produces

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See a plan created with the DMP Tool

Recent DMP News

Take our user survey

Webinar on data management plans, Jan 11 and Jan 19

DMPTool at the Coalition for Networked Information Fall Membership meeting

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Progress

Sections marked with a check are complete. You can navigate to a section and edit at any time.

NSF-GEN: Generic

Cover page

- 1. Types of data produced
- 2. Data and metadata standards
- 3. Policies for access and sharing
- 4. Policies for re-use, redistribution
- 5. Plans for archiving & preservation

Plans for archiving data, samples, and other research products, and for preservation of access to them.

Suggested answer text; copy and paste as needed:

As advised by University of Virginia Library staff members, I plan on depositing my research data in the UVA institutional repository – Libra. I will submit the necessary metadata and other resources to make my data accessible for future users. In accordance with the University of Virginia policy RES-002, "Policy: Laboratory Notebook and Recordkeeping," the data will be preserved for a minimum of five years upon completion of the project. However the current preservation plan for Libra will be to preserve the data indefinitely. The Libra backup plan provides for data redundancy including off-site storage.

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Resources

University of Virginia

UVa Scientific Data Consulting Group

Archiving & Sharing Data Guidance

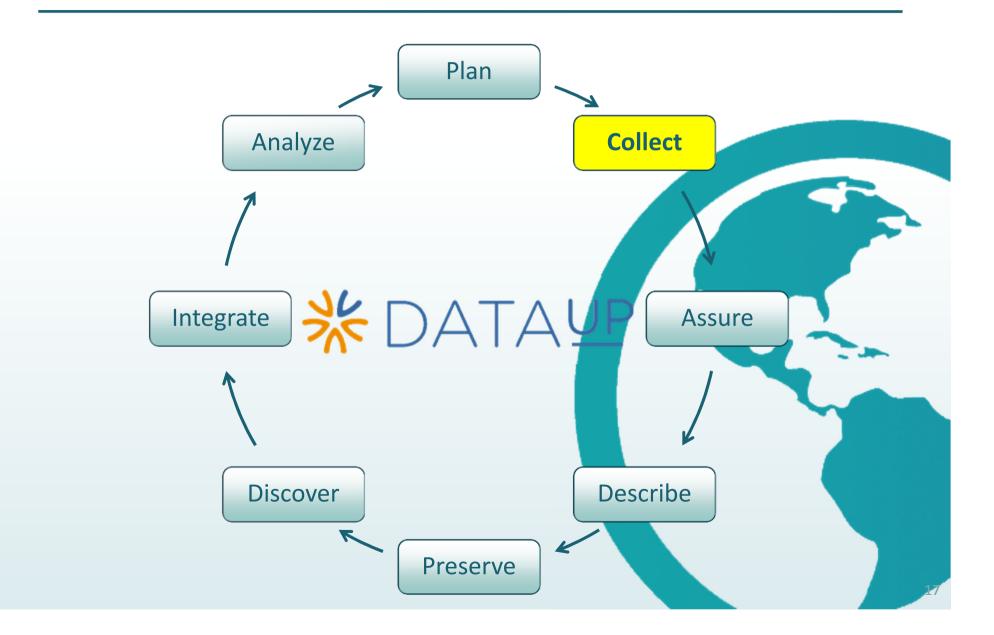
UVa Policy RES-002: "Laboratory Notebook and Recordkeeping"

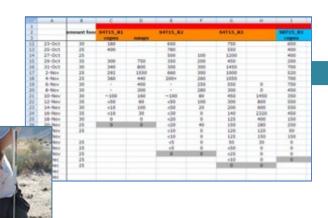
General

NSF Data Sharing Policy

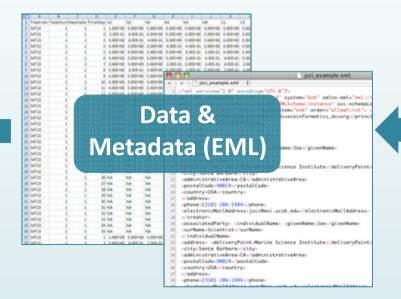
NSF Data Management Plan Requirements

Tools

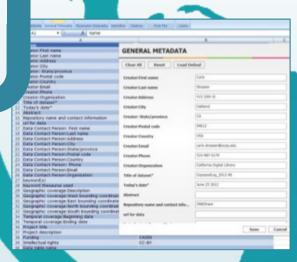




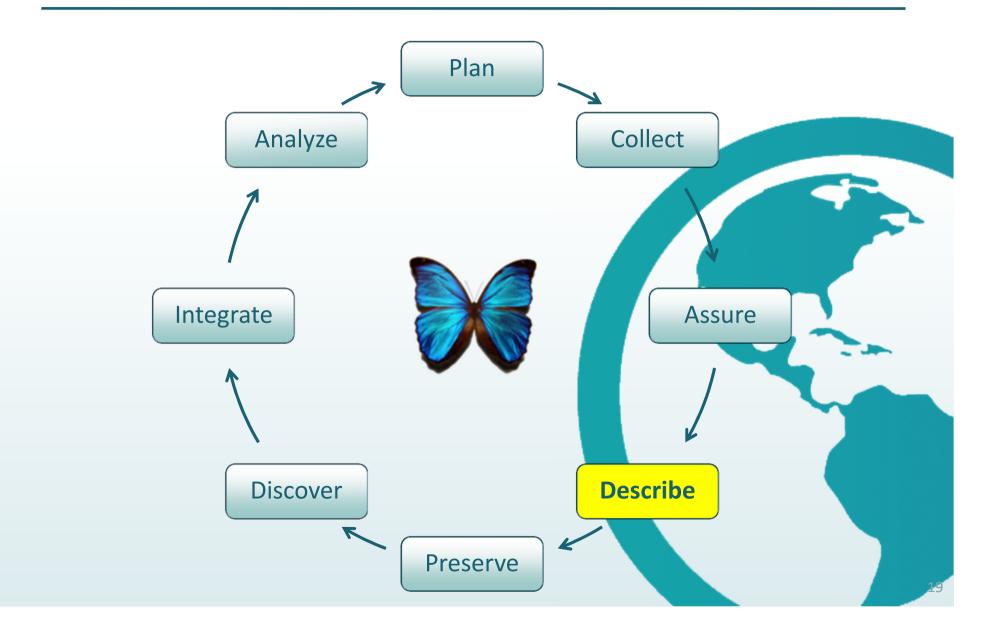








Tools





The Knowledge Network for Biocomplexity

KNB Home Data People Informatics

Biocomplexity

Education

Software

Morpho Data Management Software

Morpho allows you to create and manage your data, and to share it with others. It was created to provide an easy-to-use, cross-platform application for accessing and manipulating metadata and data (both locally and on the network).

Morpho allows ecologists to create metadata, (i.e. describe their data in a standardized format), and create a catalog of data & metadata upon which to query, edit and view data collections. In addition, It also provides the means to access network servers, in order to query, view and retrieve all relevant, public ecological data! Check the **Morpho User Guide** for details.

The basic operations that can be carried out using Morpho are:

- Create and Edit Metadata
- Search and Query Metadata Collections
- View Data and Data Collections
- Verify/Edit Data
- Provide Access Control
- Share Data via the KNB



Download Morpho

Download the Morpho data management application. Easy-to-use installers are available for various platforms. For windows and mac versions, users need to double click the installers. For linux version, users need to run "java -jar morpho-version-linux.jar".

To run Morpho, you must have Java 1.6 or later installed on your computer.



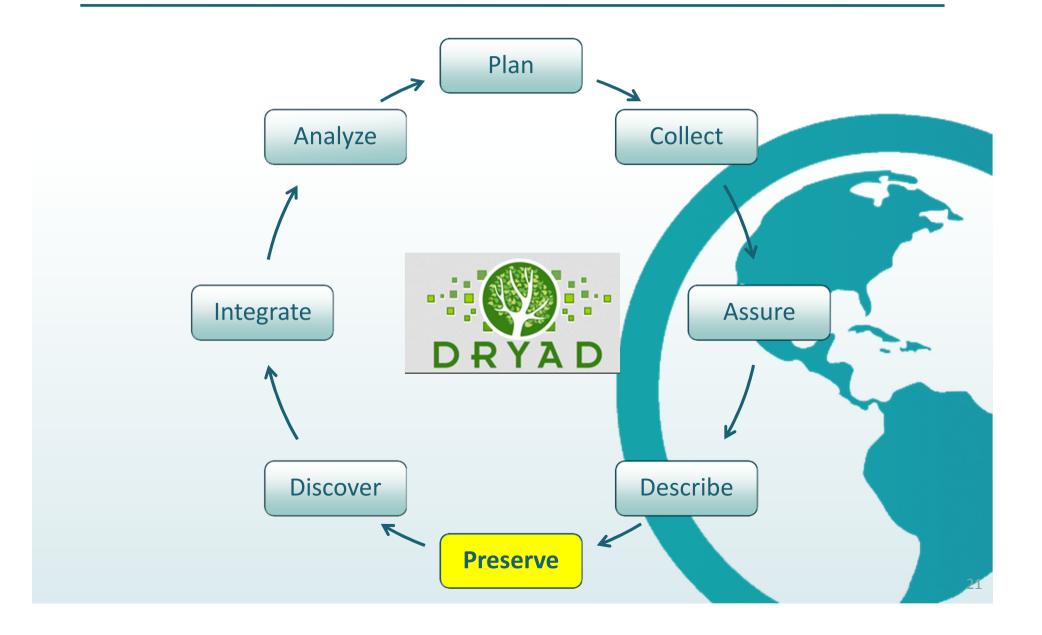
- Read the README for a change log
- Download a Morpho installer:

Windows :: Linux :: Mac OSX

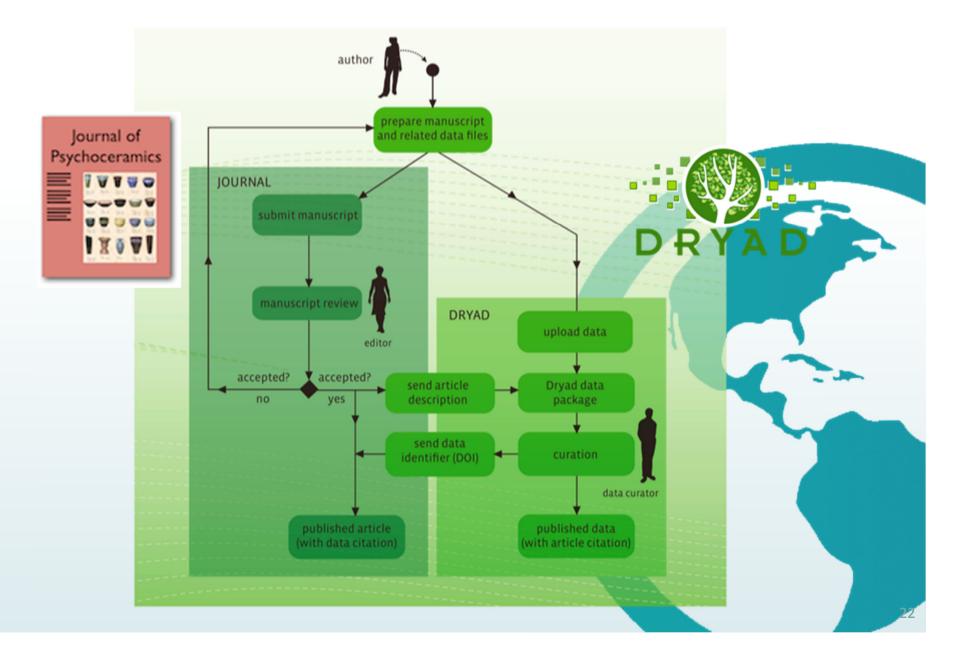
Note: If the Morpho Uninstaller can't remove Morpho installed in C:\Program Files on Windows Vista, you may have to use one of the following two ways to uninstall Morpho.

- 1. Temporarily disable User Account Control(UAC) on Vista, then run the Morpho Uninstaller program. In this case, everything will be removed. Here is the **link** telling you how to turn UAC on or off.
- 2. Manually remove the Morpho item from the Vista Start Menu and delete the Morpho installation directory in C:\Program Files.
- Older Versions

Tools



Dryad repository for journal data



Promoting data citations via Dryad

Article

Wu D, Wu M, Halpern A, Rusch DB, Yooseph S, Frazier M, Venter JC, Eisen JA (2011) Stalking the fourth domain in metagenomic data: searching for, discovering, and interpreting novel, deep branches in phylogenetic trees of phylogenetic marker genes. PLoS ONE 6(3): e18011.

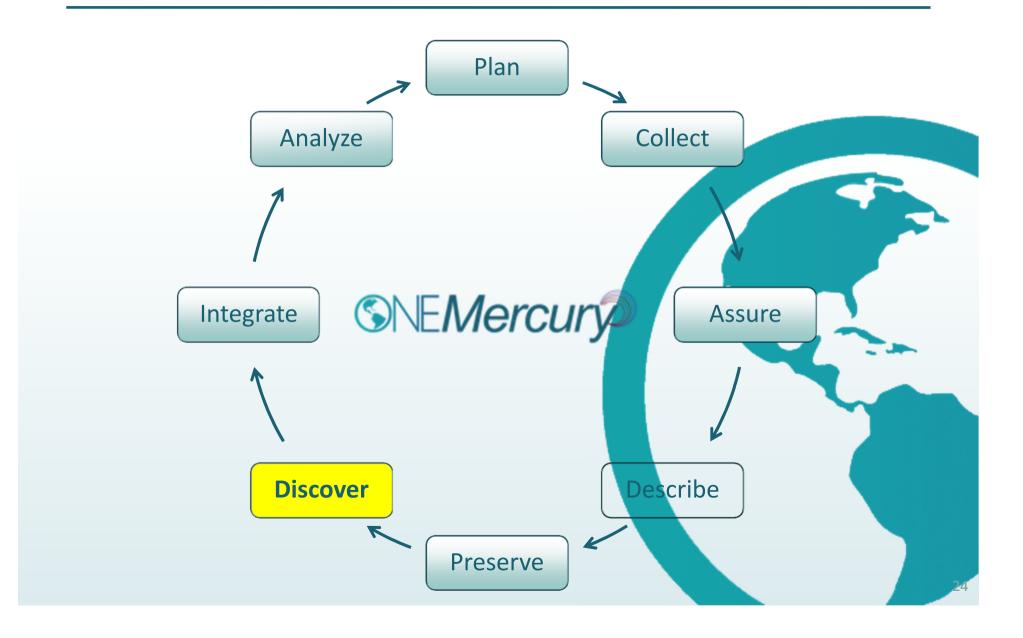
doi:10.1371/journal.pone.0018011

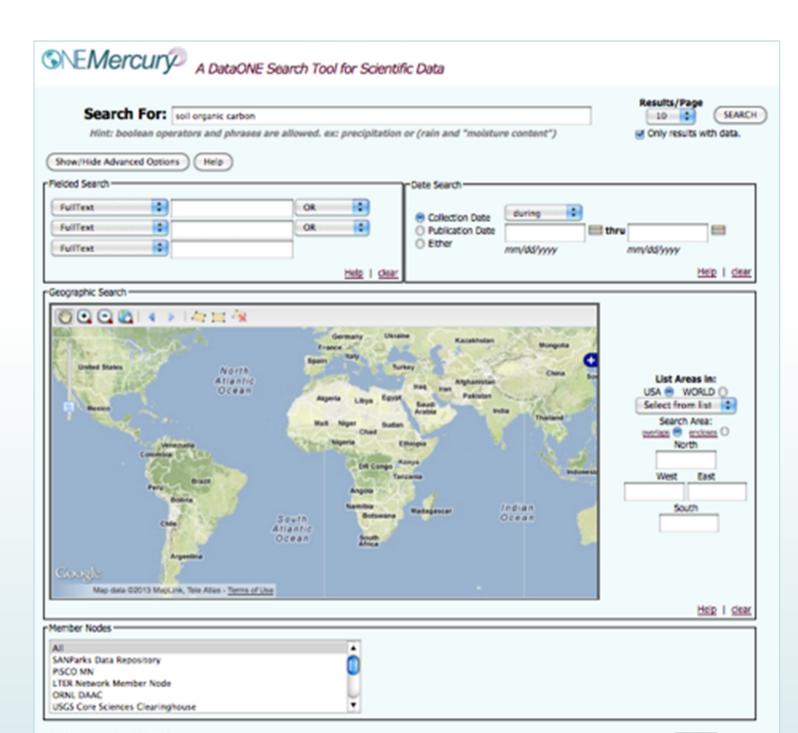
Dryad data package

Wu D, Wu M, Halpern A, Rusch DB, Yooseph S, Frazier M, Venter JC, Eisen JA (2011) Data from: Stalking the fourth domain in metagenomic data: searching for, discovering, and interpreting novel, deep branches in phylogenetic trees of phylogenetic marker genes. Dryad Digital Repository.

doi:10.5061/dryad.8384

Data life cycle

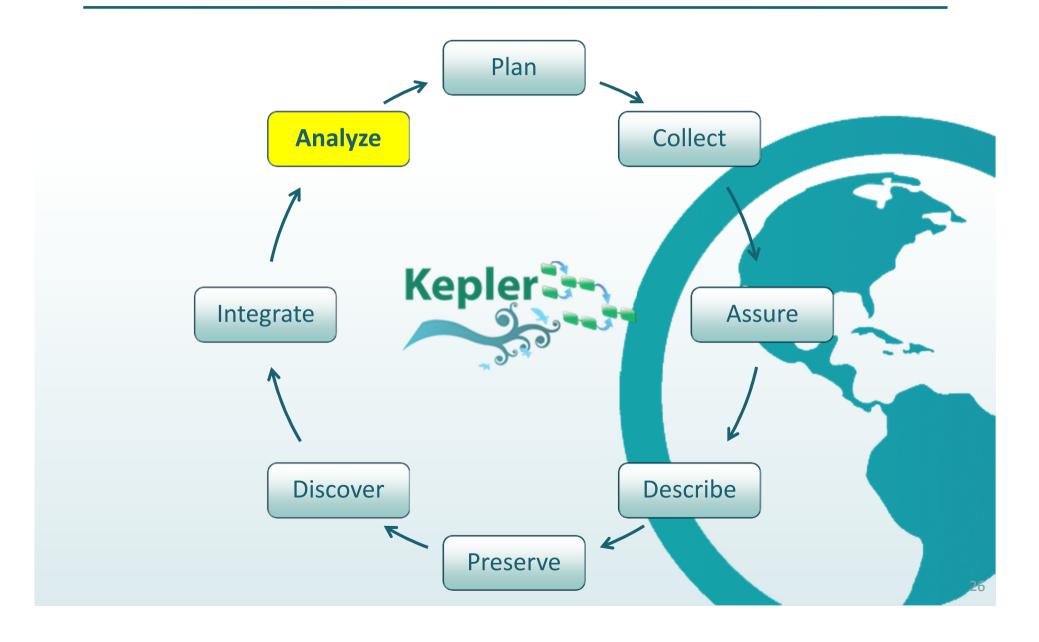




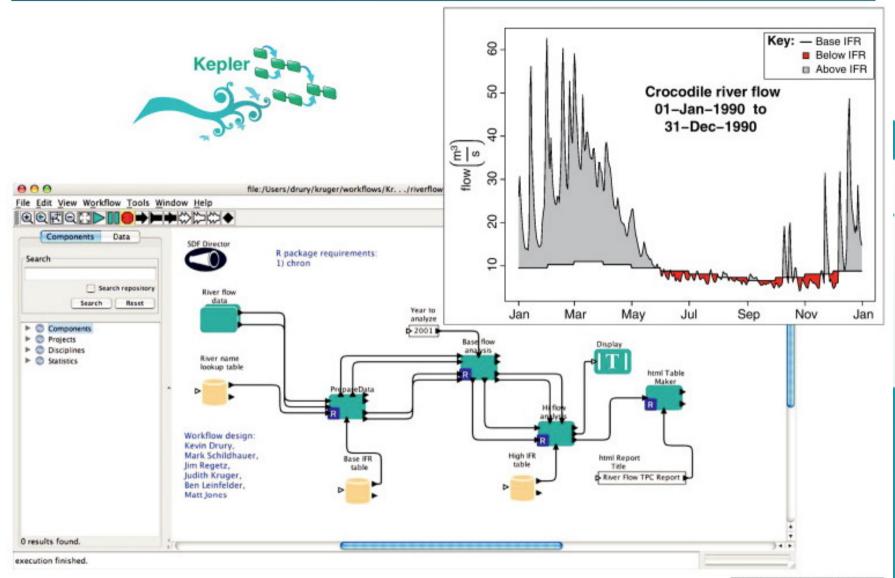
Selected Query (Not Editable) -

SEARCH

Data life cycle



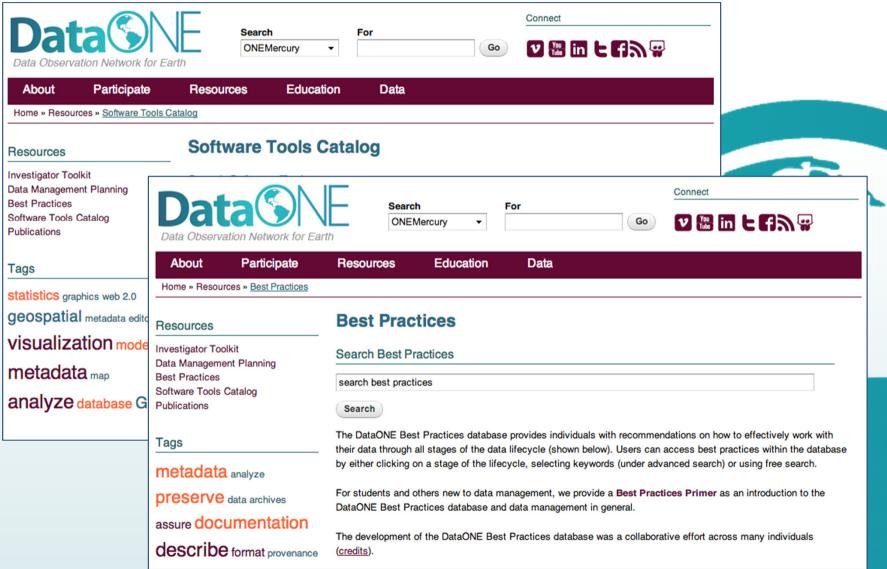
Kepler Scientific Workflow



Education

About	Participate	Resources	Education	Data
1.	Why data ma	nagement	Training Activities Education Modules Graduate Courses	
2.	Data sharing			
3.	Data Manage	ment plann	ing	1
4.	Data entry ar	id manipula	tion	
5.	Data quality of	control and	assurance	
6.	Data protecti	on and back	cups	1
7.	Metadata			
8.	How to write	good qualit	y me <mark>tad</mark> ata	
9.	Data citation			
10.	Analysis and	workflows		

Education



Community





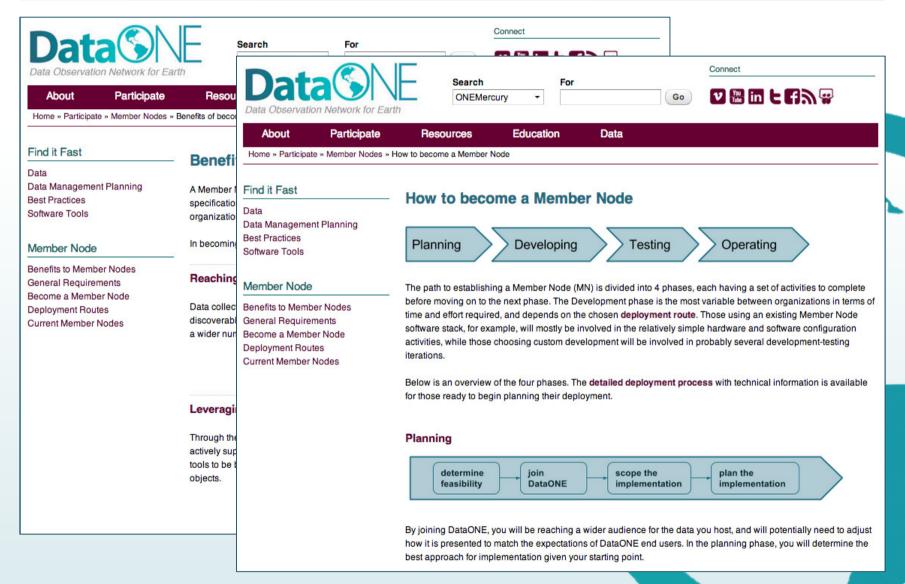








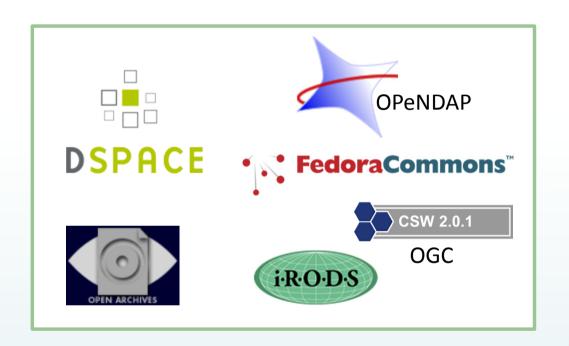
Community



Community



DataONE future activities





















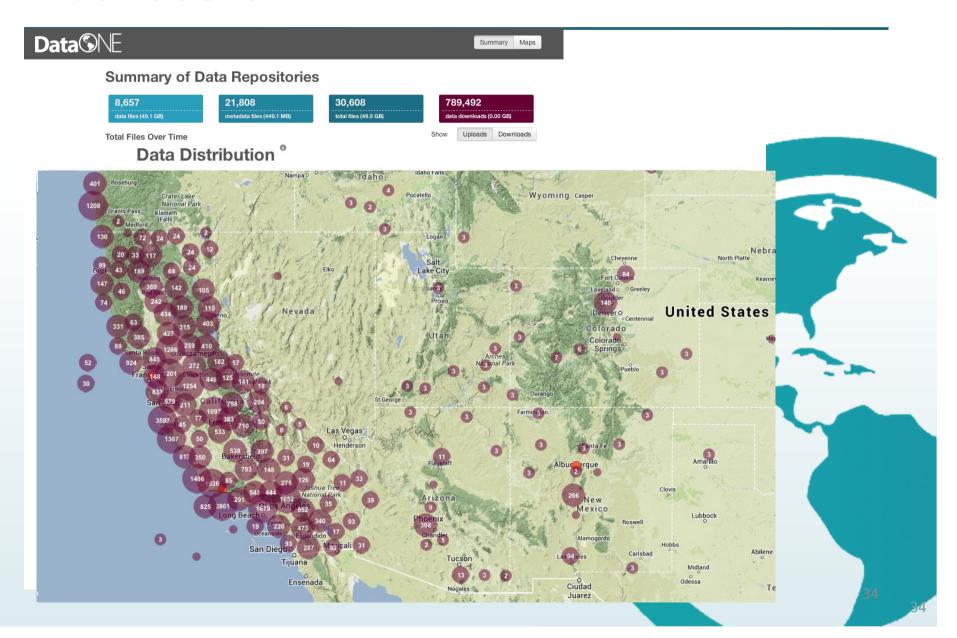








Dashboard



DataONE.org

