

Data Processing

Computing architecture

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Overview

Demonstration and hands-on login.galileo.cineca.it

- Environment modules
- Conda environment
- Python on HPC Systems
- Using batch system



Environment modules for HPC

- All additional software on the HPC system is made available through the **environment module** tool. It provides a way to rationalize software and its environment variables allowing custom build software versions for HPC.
- TCL or LUA based module environment system is provided on many Linux systems.
- Commonly used **Easybuild** and **Spack** HPC building system provide modules for the software build.



The **same environment setup** is used in different unix shells. Commonly, the following shell variables are being set:

PATH Search path for commands provided by module outside from standard `/usr/bin`

LD_LIBRARY_PATH Shared libraries search path if not linked with **rpath**.

MANPATH, LIBPATH, CPATH, PKG_CONFIG_PATH Search paths for manual, compiler linker, C includes and package config, respectively.

custom Specific environment variables for use by the module or other modules.



Single command **module** handles setting environment variables for the shell.

```
[a08trb24@r033c01s05 ~]$ module
Modules Release Tcl 3.1.6 ($RCSfile: modulecmd.tcl ,v $ $Revision: 1.112 $)
  Copyright GNU GPL v2 1991
Usage: module [ switches ] [ command ]
Switches:
  -t          terse format avail and list
  -l          long format avail and list
Commands:
  list       | add|load          modulefile [modulefile ...]
  purge      | rm|unload        modulefile [modulefile ...]
  reload     | switch|swap      [oldmodulefile] newmodulefile
              | display|show     modulefile [modulefile ...]
              | avail            [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
              | whatis          [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
              | help            [modulefile [modulefile ...]]
              | path            modulefile
              | paths           modulefile
              | use             dir [dir ...]
              | unuse          dir [dir ...]
              | source         scriptfile
              | apropos|keyword string
  initlist   | initadd          modulefile
  initclear  | initprepend     modulefile
              | initrm          modulefile
```



Modules are **system dependent** and are on **CINECA** HPC systems divided in several profiles (recommended software groups):

- profile/base** (default/stable) and tested compilers, libraries, tools
- profile/advanced** libraries and tools compiled with different setups than the default
- profile/chem** (phys, bioinf, astro, ...) “domain” profiles with the application softwares specific for each research field
- profile/archive** old or outdated versions of software still available but not recommended to use anymore.

There is also **modmap -all** command provided at CINECA clusters only to list the environment modules available inside all profiles. Each profile contains **compilers, libraries, tools, and applications.**



Conda is a package manager for users (on HPC). To get the package manager use Miniconda installation page for selected platform <https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/miniconda.html> For 64-bit x86 Linux (Most HPCs) use:

```
wget https://repo.anaconda.com/miniconda/
Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh
bash Miniconda3-latest-Linux-x86_64.sh \
  -b -p ${HOME}/miniconda3
source ${HOME}/miniconda3/etc/profile.d/conda.sh
conda create -f conda-data_analysis-env.yaml
conda activate data_analysis
```



If Anaconda is available on the system, then conda can be used from there:

```
# Load anaconda module
module load anaconda/2019.07
# Initialize conda shell
conda init bash
# Create custom environment
conda create --prefix my_own_env
# Activate environment
conda activate my_own_env/
# Install packages
conda install netCDF4 numpy scipy basemap
conda install matplotlib jupyter xlrd pandas
```



Running `batch` scripts

```
# Get info about node status
squeue

# Script example.sbatch
#!/bin/bash
echo "Hello_world"

# Make script executable
chmod +x example.sbatch
# Run script
srun example.sbatch
```



Please join <https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/python-in-hpc>

```
git clone https://github.com/csc-training/hpc-  
    ↪ python.git  
module load autoload mpi4py
```

Selected demos can be run directly by setting alias

```
prun='srun --nodes=1 --ntasks-per-node=12 --time  
    ↪ =10:00 --account=train_ceudat19 --partition=  
    ↪ gll_usr_prod'  
prun python mpi-hello.py
```

